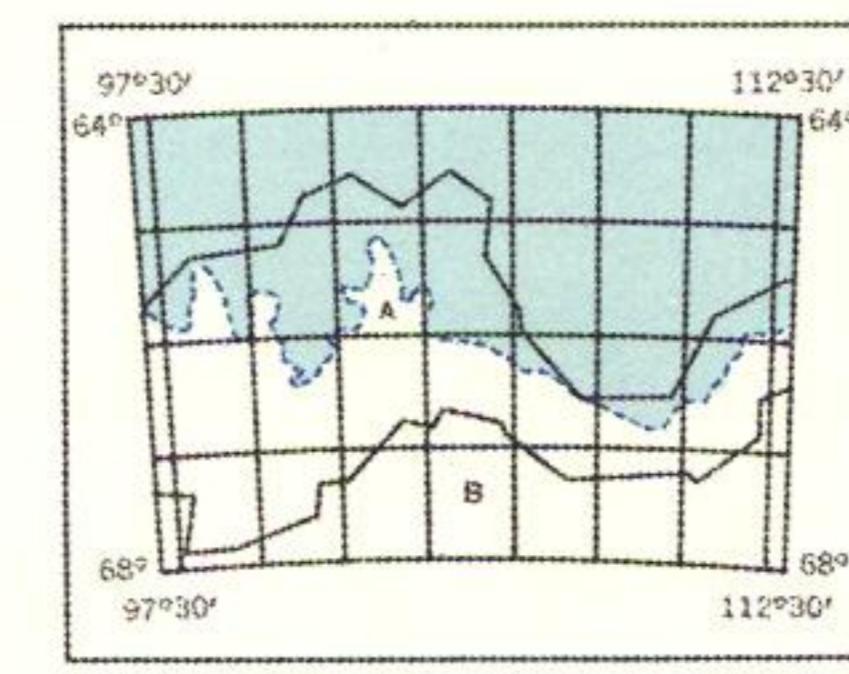


Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey
Compiled in 1958 from U.S.G.S. 1:500,000-scale maps of
E2-64-10, E2-64-11, E2-66-10, and E2-66-11. (Australian
Quadrant)

Topographic from aerial photographs by the U.S. Naval
Task Force 68, 1946-1947, with supplementary photography
and geographic control by U.S. Naval Task Force 39, 1947-1948.
Sea ice limits and heads delineated only where
status aerial photographic coverage permits.

COMPILE DIAGRAM



A. Photogrammetric correlation
B. Form lines by which individual beyond limits
of possible extension of vertical control.

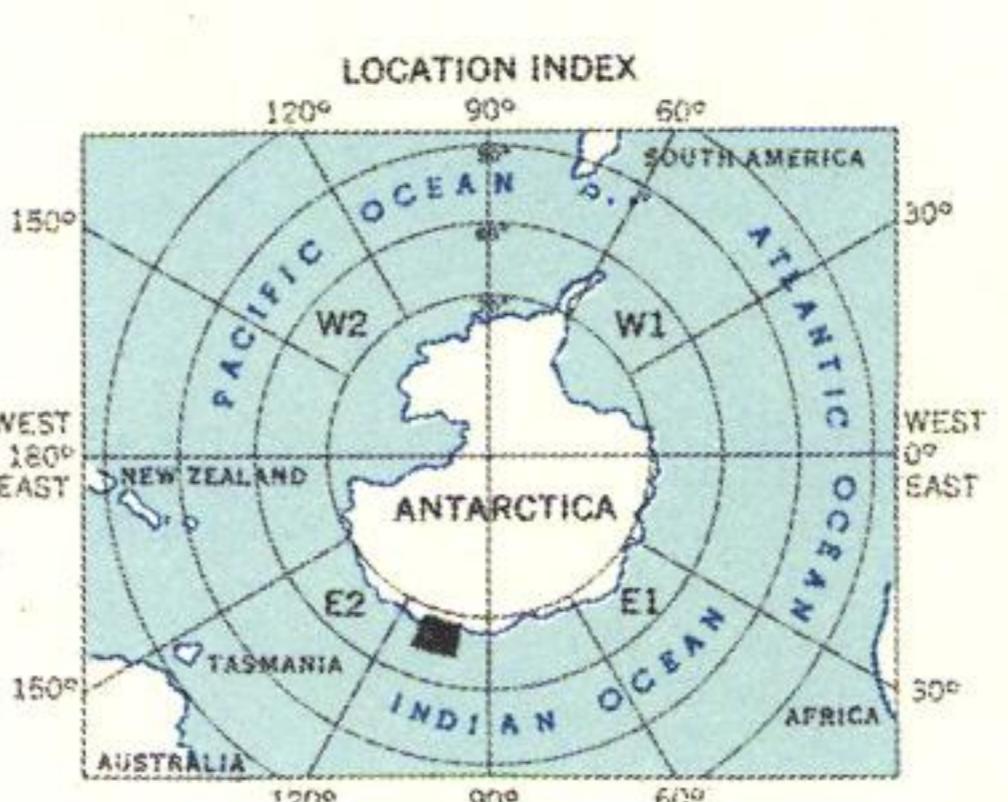
Scale 1:1,000,000
10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Statute Miles
10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 Nautical Miles

Polar Stereographic Projection Standard Parallel 71°
CONTOUR INTERVAL 1000 FEET DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL

1955 MAGNETIC DECLINATION AT SOUTH EDGE OF SHEET VARIES FROM 88° TO 92° WEST

LEGEND

- Shoreline
- Indefinite Shoreline
- Contours on Ice
- Form Lines on Ice
- Glacier
- Meltwater Soar Area
- Ice Tongue
- Orevease and Stress lines
- Edge of Shelf Ice
- Dark Ice
- Iceberg and Sea Ice
- Nunatak
- Lands
- Rock bare or wash



INTRO—GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WASHINGTON, D.C.

CONVERSION OF ELEVATIONS
Feet Meters
1,400 = 430
6,000 = 1,830
8,000 = 2,440
4,000 = 1,160
2,000 = 600
3,000 = 900
2,500 = 760
0 = 0